
**Connectors for fluid power and
general use — Assembly instructions
for connectors with adjustable stud
ends and O-ring sealing**

*Raccordements pour applications générales et transmissions
hydrauliques — Instructions d'assemblage pour des connecteurs avec
des éléments mâles ajustables et joint torique*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Connectors and similar products and components*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/TS 11686:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- [Figure 1](#) has been completely redrawn and Positions 4 and 5 have been corrected to accurately reflect the position of the washer, nut, O-ring and body.
- [Figure 1](#) Position 3 and [Figure 2](#) have been redrawn to remove horizontal line in the flowpath;
- in [Table A.1](#), plug figures from ISO 11926 have been removed and adjustable figure to ISO 1179-3 has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

In fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a fluid (liquid or gas) under pressure within an enclosed circuit. In general applications, a fluid may be conveyed under pressure.

Components may be connected through their ports by connections (connectors) and conductors (tubes and hoses). Tubes are rigid conductors; hoses are flexible conductors.

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Connectors for fluid power and general use — Assembly instructions for connectors with adjustable stud ends and O-ring sealing

1 Scope

This document provides common installation instructions for all connectors that have adjustable stud ends and O-ring sealing. Conformance with the requirements of this document will result in a considerable reduction of leaks in hydraulic systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5598, *Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Instructions for the assembly of connectors with adjustable stud ends and O-ring sealing

4.1 Preparation prior to assembly

4.1.1 To protect the sealing surfaces and prevent dirt and other contaminants from entering the system, protective caps and/or plugs shall not be removed until it is time to assemble the components.

4.1.2 Just prior to assembly, protective caps and/or plugs shall be removed, and the connector and the port shall be inspected to ensure that both mating parts are free of burrs, nicks, scratches or any foreign material.

4.1.3 If an O-ring is not present, one shall be installed on the port end of the connector using a proper O-ring installation tool, taking care not to cut or nick the O-ring.

4.1.4 The O-ring shall be lubricated with a light coat of system fluid or compatible oil.

4.2 Assembly

4.2.1 Illustration

Figure 1 illustrates the steps specified in 4.2.2 to 4.2.6 and the final assembly.

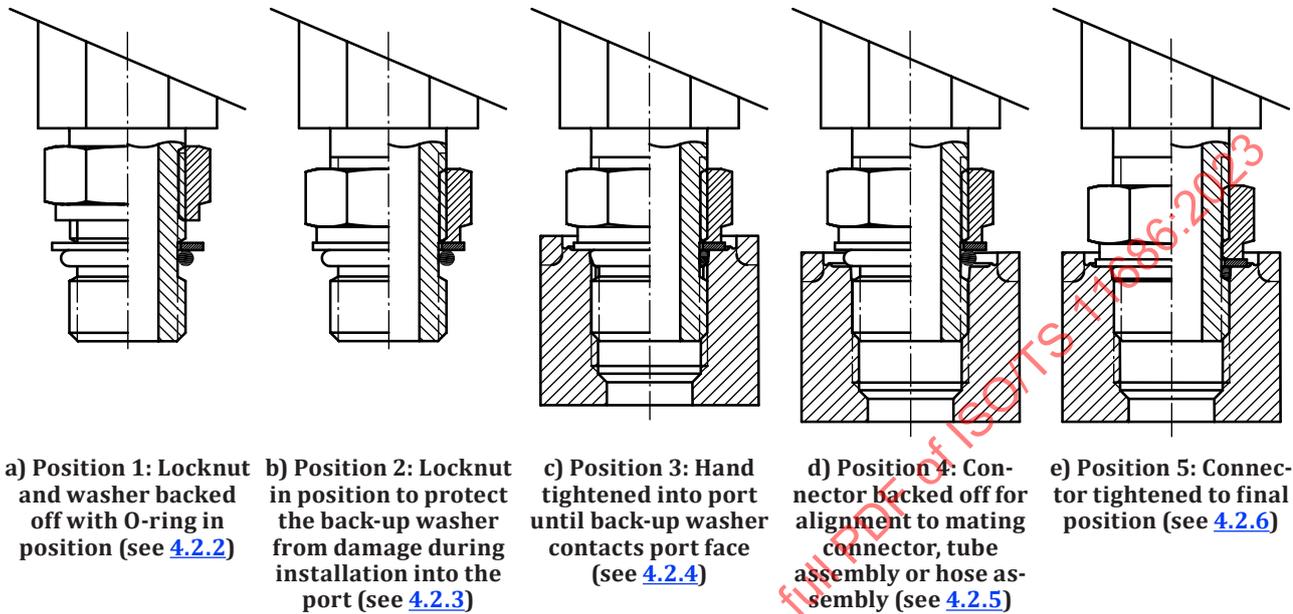


Figure 1 — Illustration of instructions for assembling connectors with adjustable stud ends and O-ring sealing

4.2.2 Location of O-ring (Position 1 in Figure 1)

The O-ring should be located in the groove adjacent to the face of the back-up washer. The washer and O-ring should be positioned at the extreme top end of the groove as shown in Position 1 of Figure 1.

4.2.3 Positioning of locknut (Position 2 in Figure 1)

Position the locknut to just touch the back-up washer as shown in Position 2 of Figure 1. Having the locknut in this position will eliminate potential damage to the back-up washer during the next step (see 4.2.4).

4.2.4 Installation of connector into the port (Position 3 in Figure 1)

Install the connector into the port until the back-up washer contacts the face of the port as shown in Position 3 of Figure 1.

CAUTION — Overtightening beyond contact may cause damage to the back-up washer if the washer is not supported by the locknut.

4.2.5 Connector adjustment (Position 4 in Figure 1)

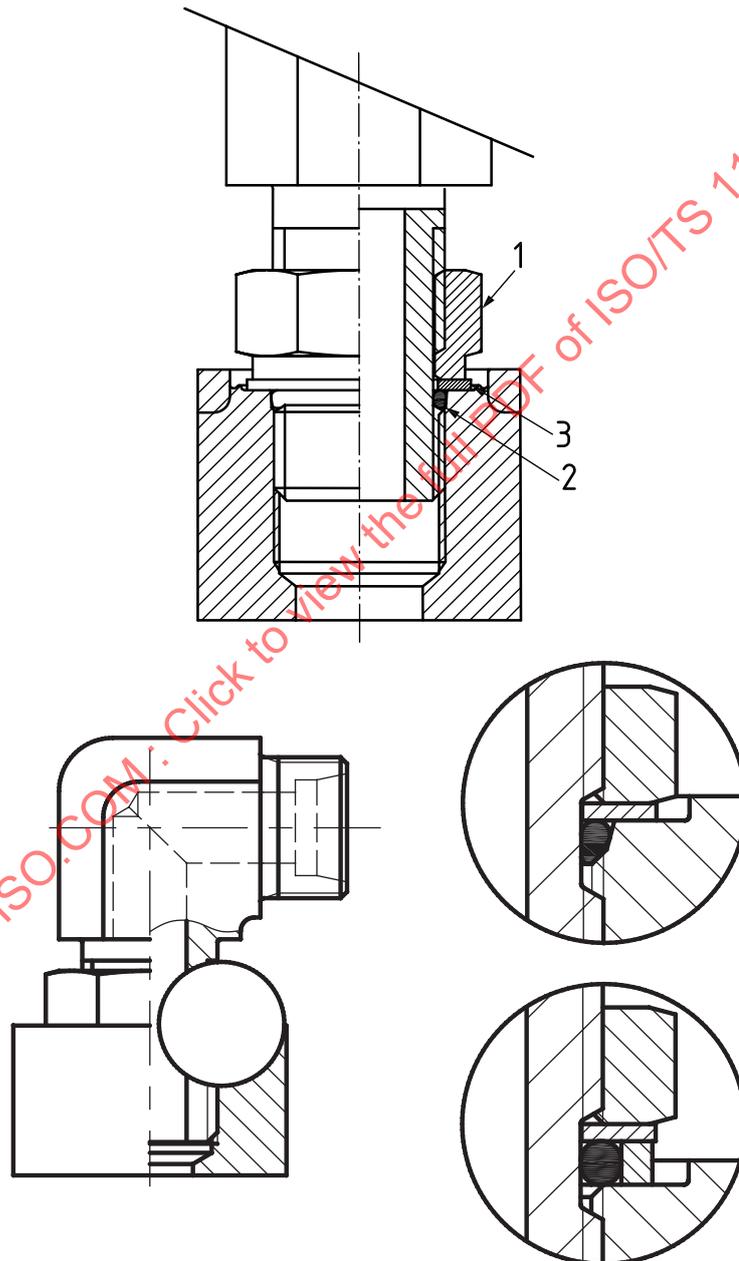
Adjust the connector to the proper position by turning it out, in a counterclockwise manner, up to a maximum of one turn as shown in Position 4 of Figure 1, to provide proper alignment with the mating connector, tube assembly or hose assembly.

4.2.6 Final tightening (Position 5 in [Figure 1](#))

Using two wrenches, use the backup wrench to hold the connector in the desired position and then use the torque wrench to tighten the locknut to the appropriate torque level given by the manufacturer.

4.2.7 Final inspection

Visually inspect, where possible, the joint to ensure that the O-ring is not pinched or bulging out from under the washer and that the backup washer is properly seated flat against the face of the port. [Figure 2](#) provides an illustration of the final assembly.



Key

- 1 locknut
- 2 O-ring
- 3 back-up washer

Figure 2 — Illustrations of final assembly of adjustable stud ends with O-ring sealing

Annex A (informative)

Identification of ports, stud ends and plugs and potential for incompatible intermixing

A.1 General

[Table A.1](#) provides a summary of

- a) how to identify the most common ports, stud ends and plugs used in hydraulic fluid power systems and
- b) how ports and stud ends of different types can potentially be intermixed in an incompatible way, which should be avoided.

For threaded ports and stud ends specified in new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications, the ISO 6149 series should be used because these International Standards specify ports and stud ends with metric threads and O-ring sealing and because the sub-committee would like to help users by recommending one preferred system. The threaded ports and stud ends according to the ISO 1179 series, ISO 9974 series and ISO 11926 series should not be used for new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications; these International Standards will be maintained because they specify ports and stud ends that are currently used in hydraulic systems worldwide.

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Table A.1 — Identification of ports, stud ends and plugs and potential for incompatible intermixing

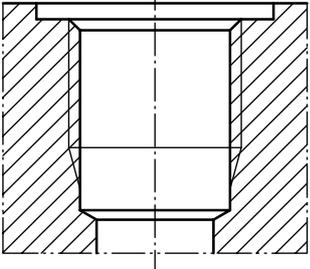
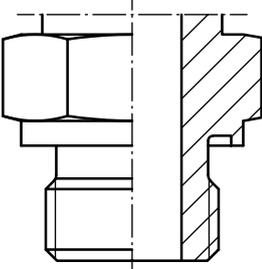
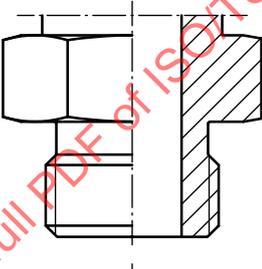
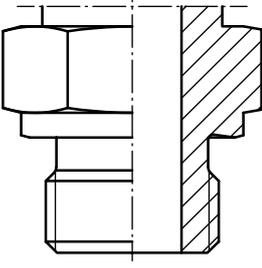
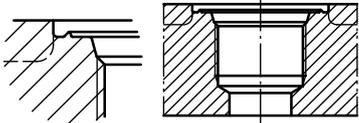
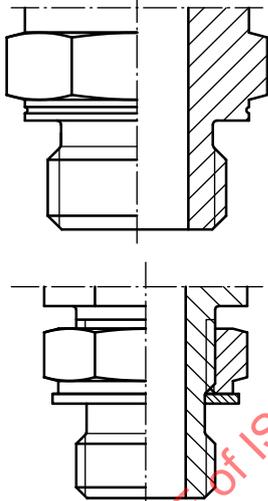
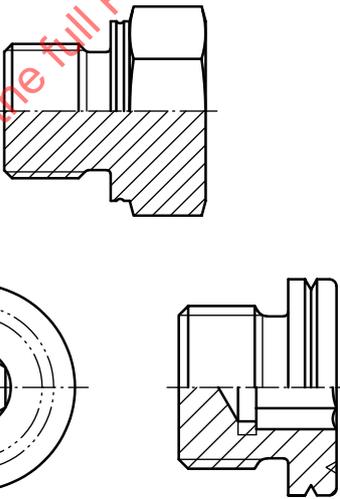
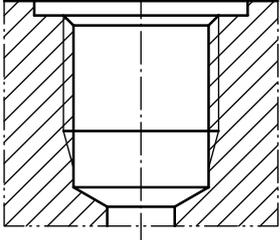
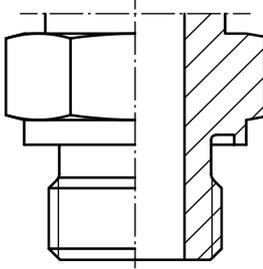
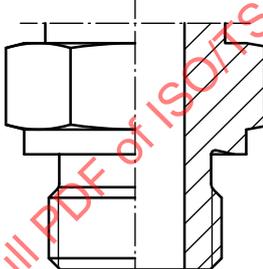
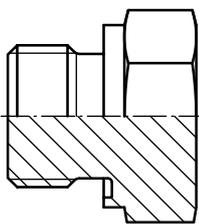
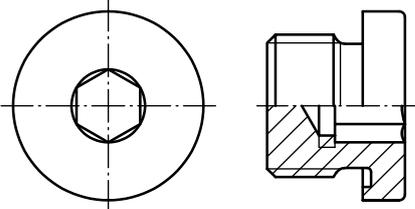
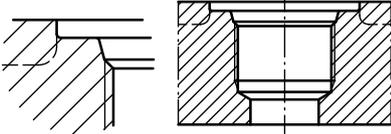
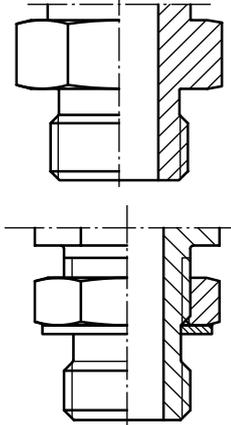
Standard	Illustration of ports	Illustration of stud ends and plugs	Potential for incompatible intermixing
<p>ISO 1179 (all parts)</p>	<p>ISO 1179-1</p> 	<p>ISO 1179-2</p>  <p>ISO 1179-3</p>  <p>ISO 1179-4</p> 	<p>Size G 1/8 stud end fits into M10 × 1 port (ISO 6149-1 and ISO 9974-1)</p> <p>Size G 1/4 stud end fits into M14 × 1,5 port (ISO 6149-1 and ISO 9974-1)</p> <p>Size G 1/2 stud end fits into M22 × 1,5 port (ISO 6149-1 and ISO 9974-1)</p> <p>Size G 3/4 stud end fits into M27 × 2 port (ISO 6149-1 and ISO 9974-1)</p>

Table A.1 (continued)

Standard	Illustration of ports	Illustration of stud ends and plugs	Potential for incompatible intermixing
<p>ISO 6149 (all parts)</p>	<p>ISO 6149-1</p> 	<p>ISO 6149-2 and ISO 6149-3</p>  <p>ISO 6149-4</p> 	<p>Several sizes of ISO 11926 (See Table A.2)</p> <p>M12 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 1/4 port (ISO 1179-1)</p> <p>M16 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 3/8 port (ISO 1179-1)</p> <p>M20 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 1/2 port (ISO 1179-1)</p>

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Table A.1 (continued)

Standard	Illustration of ports	Illustration of stud ends and plugs	Potential for incompatible intermixing
<p>ISO 9974 (all parts)</p>	<p>ISO 9974-1</p> 	<p>ISO 9974-2</p>  <p>ISO 9974-3</p>  <p>ISO 9974-4</p>  	<p>Several sizes of ISO 11926 (see Table A.2)</p> <p>M12 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 1/4 port (ISO 1179-1)</p> <p>M16 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 3/8 port (ISO 1179-1)</p> <p>M20 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 1/2 port (ISO 1179-1)</p> <p>M26 × 1,5 stud end fits into G 3/4 port (ISO 1179-1)</p>
<p>ISO 11926 (all parts)</p>	<p>ISO 11926-1</p> 	<p>ISO 11926-2 and ISO 11926-3</p> 	<p>Potential incompatible intermixing with several sizes in the ISO 6149 series, the ISO 1179 series and the ISO 9974 series (see Table A.2)</p>

A.2 Potential incompatible intermixing of ports and stud ends with UNF or UN threads and metric threads

Table A.2 provides detailed information about potential incompatible intermixing of ports and stud ends with UNF or UN threads (ISO 11926 series) and metric threads (ISO 6149 and ISO 9974 series). It also provides information about the one potential incompatible intermixing of ports with 9/16-18 UNF threads (ISO 11926 series) and stud ends with G 1/4 threads (ISO 1179-2 and ISO 1179-3).

Table A.2 — Degree of potential for incompatible intermixing of ports and stud ends with UNF or UN threads and metric threads

	UNF						UN					
	3/8-24	7/16-20	1/2-20	9/16-18	3/4-16	7/8-14	1 1/16-12	1 13/16-12	1 5/16-12	1 5/8-12	1 7/8-12	2 1/2-12
M8 × 1	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M10 × 1	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M12 × 1,5	No	No	Yes ^a	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M14 × 1,5	No	No	No	Yes ^{a, b}	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M16 × 1,5	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M18 × 1,5	No	No	No	No	Yes ^a	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M20 × 1,5	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M22 × 1,5	No	No	No	No	No	Yes ^{a, c}	No	No	No	No	No	No
M27 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes ^{a, c}	No	No	No	No	No
M30 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
M33 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes ^{a, c}	No	No	No	No
M42 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes ^c	No	No	No
M48 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes ^c	No	No
M60 × 2	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

^a Stud end with metric threads fits into port with UNF or UN threads.

^b In the case of a port with 9/16-18 UNF threads, a stud end with G 1/4 threads fits into the port with 9/16-18 UNF threads.

^c Stud end with UNF or UN thread fits into port with metric thread.