

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



2836

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION · МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ · ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Prints and printing inks — Assessment of resistance to water

Impressions et encres d'imprimerie — Évaluation de la résistance à l'eau

First edition — 1974-08-01

STANDARDSISO.COM : Click to view the full PDF of ISO 2836:1974

UDC 667.5.019.26

Ref. No. ISO 2836-1974 (E)

Descriptors : printing, printing inks, tests, chemical tests, chemical resistance, water resistance.

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2836 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 130, *Graphic technology* and circulated to the Member Bodies in August 1972.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Germany	Sweden
Austria	Ireland	Switzerland
Chile	New Zealand	Thailand
Czechoslovakia	Poland	Turkey
Denmark	Romania	United Kingdom
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	South Africa, Rep. of	
France	Spain	

The Member Bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Finland
Italy

Prints and printing inks – Assessment of resistance to water

0 INTRODUCTION

This International Standard is in technical conformity with CEI specification 03-59 of the European Committee of the Paint and Printing Ink Manufacturers' Associations.

1 SCOPE

This International Standard specifies a method of assessing the resistance to water of prints and printing inks, by giving

- the general test requirements for prints;
- the special test requirements for inks.

2 REFERENCES

ISO/R 105/I, *Tests for colour fastness of textiles – First series*.

ISO 2834, *Printing inks – Preparation of standard prints for determination of resistance to physical and chemical agents*.¹⁾

3 TESTING OF PRINTS

3.1 Field of application

This International Standard applies to all printing substrates such as paper, board, metals (thin metal sheets and plate)

and plastics materials, and to all printing processes : letterpress, lithographic and gravure.

3.2 Definition

A print is considered **water resistant** when, under the test conditions and provided that the substrate has undergone no change, any deterioration is only negligible and bleeding is below grade 4 of the grey scale.

3.3 Principle

A test piece is pressed between damp filter papers and then assessed as to colour change and bleeding.

3.4 Apparatus and reagent

3.4.1 Filter paper for quantitative analysis, with a very smooth non-hardened surface. The size of the strips of filter paper should be 60 mm × 90 mm.

3.4.2 Deionized water as per pharmacopoeia stipulations.

3.4.3 Glass slides, 60 mm × 90 mm.

3.4.4 Grey scale for assessment of bleeding (according to ISO/R 105/I – Part 3).

1) At present at the stage of draft.